Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.] WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1806. [No. 1522.

FOR SALE,

On moderate Terms,

The SHIP

HETTY,

Just arrived from Liverpool, and laying at Col. Ramsay's wharf. Her inventory may be seen and description of the Ship made known, on application to Captain Russel, on board or to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

If said ship is not sold in ten or fifteen days, she will be for freight or charter to any port in Europe.

R. N. & Co.

January 1. d

BOARDING & LODGING.

A FEW GENTLEMEN may be accommodated with genteel BOARDING, with or without LODGING, at the south-east corner of Prince and Royal streets—The situation is healthy and agreeable.

George Lawrence.

February 10. eo3tf

JUST RECEIVED,

Per Captain JENKES, *from New York, and for Sale,*

First quality Patent Cheese,
A quantity of excellent Flax,
New York Pippins,
A parcel of nice Codfish,
Chesnuts, Shellbarks, &c.

Abel Willis.

February 10. eo6t

For Sale, by the Subscriber,

On board the Schooner LARK, *lying at* HARPER's *wharf,*

Few hogsheads retailing Molasses
Mould Candles
Spermaceti do.
30 barrels No. 1 Beef
16 barrels N. E. Rum
2 bales Beerboom Gurrahs
1 bale fine Cassahs
Mens' and Womens' Shoes
Quantity Soal Leather.

John Peabody.

February 4. eo7t*

LOST,

On Saturday evening, 8th of Feb. in or near Alexandria,

A Silver Watch,

With a Steel Chain and Key, maker's name *William Hord,* Liverpool, No. 3047, she has a small place broke out of her face at the hour of ten o'clock. I will give 3 dollars reward for the delivery of the Watch to me, living near Four Mile Run Mill.

Joseph Birch, sen.

February 10. eo3t

A BARGAIN.

For Sale or Rent,

A new Brick House on Prince-str't just finished, and very convenient for a small family, with an excellent corner Lot, opposite Messrs. Korn & Wisemiller's. For terms apply to

JAMES M'GUIRE.

Also,

16 Lots of different sizes on Prince and Fayette streets, *For Sale, or Rent on ground rent forever.* Apply as above.

February 5. d2w

HENRY K. MAY

Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore, from New-Castle, and offers for Sale, if immediately applied for;

80 casks Red Lead,
38 casks Patent Shot,
18 casks Ingot Lead and
36 sheets Milled do.

December 18. d

20 Pipes very choice Madeira Wine,

Imported in the Brig Active, from St. Bartholomews, and for sale by

R. Veitch & Co.

December 21. tf

N. B. This Wine has lain a considerable time with West Indies.

JUST RECEIVED,

9 *boxes—containing*

500 pieces Platillas,
500 do. Britannias,

Entitled to drawback on exportation.

ALSO,

30 bbls and 5 hhds New Rum;

For Sale, by

John G. Ladd.

December 13.

NOTICE.

The Subscriber wishes to inform the inhabitants of Alexandria in general, that he has a Cellar, at the lower end of Duke street, under the house of *E. Mill's;*

WHERE HE HAS FOR SALE,

Best Rhode-Island Potatoes; New-York Cabbages; Beets; Turnips; Onions; Pumpkins. He will attend at the Cellar every day till 11 o'clock, during the winter; where the inhabitants may be supplied with large or small quantities of the above articles, on terms very moderate.

A. WILLIS.

January 15. d1m

TUNIS CRAVEN,

Has received by the late arrivals an elegant assortment of

GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

London superfine Cloths and Cassimeres,
Bennett's patent Cords,
Do. Waistcoatings,
Silks, Moleskins, Florentines,
Imperial, clouded and white Marseilles,
Toilinetts, Swandowns,
Flannels, rose Blankets,
Coatings, Plains,
Kerseys, Halfthicks,
Lamb's Wool, Worsted, Cotton and Silk Hosiery,
Irish & Flanders Sheetings,
4 4 7/8 Irish Linens,
Shirting Cotton,
Long Lawns,
Linen Cambricks,
Dimities, Cambrick do.
Corded Cambricks,
Lace do.
Rich Colonade and figured India Muslins
India and British Book do.
Lace Caps & Handkerchiefs,
Extra Silk Gloves,
Pic Nic Mitts.
Silk Cord and Buttons,
Cambrick Buttons,
Artificial Flowers and Wreaths,
Ostrich Feathers,
Italian Mantaus,
Fine India Persians,
Baftas, Mamoodies,
Dowlas, Ticklenburg,
Osnaburgs, Brown rolls
&c. &c.

☞ *He daily expects an additional assortment of* FALL GOODS.

Oct. 22. dtf

15 hogsheads, 12 tierces } Prime retailing Molasses.
20 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum
8 butts Muscat Wine
4 half butts Constantia do.
4 pipes fine old Brazil Madeira
12 boxes French Prunes
10 hogsheads, 15 barrels } New-England Rum
50 barrels Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey
6 casks refined British Salt-Petre
3 tierces Allum
50 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles
10 boxes Chocolate

Just received, and for sale, for cash or on the usual credits.

Mandeville & Jamesson.

December 21. d

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE,

Two boxes Irish Linen—*real Colerraines.*

50 barrels prime Pork.

Wm. Hodgson.

November 28. d

TO BE SOLD,

TWO TRACTS OF LAND:

ONE containing 103 acres—the other 26 acres; adjoining each other, and are from 3 to 4 miles from Alexandria, in the county of Fairfax and state of Virginia. The aforesaid land is bounded on the old Leesburg road, just above Captain Slacum's, and joins the lands of Benjamin Dulany and Carlisle Whiting, and will be sold pursuant to a deed of trust given to the subscribers from a certain John Withers, to secure the payment of a debt due to Jonathan and Mahlon Scholfield. The above lands will be offered at private sale until the 18th day of February, and if not sold by that day, they will be sold at the coffee house, in Alexandria, on the 21st day of February, at public auction, for cash; the sale to commence at three o'clock.

Andrew Scholfield.
Thomas Cook.

February 4. d8t

☞ MOUNTED COMBS.

A HANDSOME assortment of fashionable mounted and plain TORTOISE-SHELL COMBS, just received and for sale, by

ADAM LYNN.

February 7. eo3t

N. B. A two story BRICK HOUSE to rent, on King street, opposite SAMUEL SNOWDEN's printing-office.

Dearborn's *Patent Balance,*

For weighing with ease, dispatch and precision, at half the cost, and used with half the labor of scales and weights—all sizes—for sale, by

JOHN G. LADD.

February 7. d

THIS DAY LANDING,

From Schooner DOVE, *Captain* THOMAS, *from* PORTLAND,

And for Sale, by

Lawrason and Fowle,

1 pipe, 8 half pipes, 4 quarter casks } VIRGINIA WINE, entitled to DEBENTURE.
30 barrels New-England Rum,
14 barrels retailing Sugar,
80 boxes smoaked Herrings.
60 tons Plaister Paris.

February 1. d

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under the firm of *Joseph Riddle & Co.* of Alexandria, was dissolved the first instant, by mutual consent: All persons that are indebted to, or that have claims on the same, are requested to come forward and settle, as it is desirable to close the concern as soon as possible. Those whose accounts are of long standing are particularly requested to attend to this notice, and make payments to either of the subscribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,
Of Alexandria.
JAMES DALL,
Of Baltimore.

September 18. tf

JOSEPH RIDDLE

Has Received by the Ceres and other ships lately arrived at Baltimore, a considerable part of his

FALL GOODS;

Which are now opening at his store in Fairfax street, and daily expects an additional supply in the United States from Liverpool.

September 28. d

JOHN WATTS,

Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. JOHN JANNEY's, has received via Baltimore,

A Handsome assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Which he will sell low for cash, or on short credit, to punctual customers.

Superfine Cloths and Cassimers,
Winsor Velveteen,
Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waistcoating,
Fancy Moleskins and Florentines,
Silk Plush and Velvets,
Sewing Silk, Twist and Thread,
Leno and Dragoona Mull Cloaks,
Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hose,
Do. do. do. Gloves,
Do. do. Spun do.
Do. York Fan and Doe-skin do.
Ladies' White and Black Hose,
Do. Extra long Silk Gloves and Mitts,
Do. do. Wash Leather & Riding Gloves
Sattins, Lutestrings and Persians,
Lutestring and Sattin Ribbons,
Laces and Edgings,
London Hats.
Rose and Duffil Blankets,
Silk Rugs and Caddows,
Carpets and Carpeting,
German Osnabrigs,
Dowlasses and Bedticking,
Silk and Cotton Suspenders,
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas,
Clover Seed and Seine Twine, &c. &c.

Oct. 21 eod.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of *Joseph Jones,* deceased, are requested to bring them forward; and those indebted to it, to make immediate payment to

Joseph Jones.

February 3. e6*

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

A quantity of

CORN AND RYE.

Apply to

WASHINGTON PIERCE,

At Colonel RAMSAY's *Counting Room.*

February 1. eo

Mandeville and Jamesson,

OFFER FOR SALE,

For Cash, Produce, or on the usual Credit;

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

LIQUORS & GROCERIES,

Consisting of

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities.

Philadelphia and Alexandria Loaf and Lump ditto.

Jamaica, St. Vincents, and N. E. Rum } In hhds. &c.
Old Jamaica Spirits, for family use,
Peach and Apple-Brandy,
Cognac and Bourdeaux do.
Holland and Country Geneva,
70 barrels strong and fine flavored Rye Whiskey.
Madeira, Sherry, Old Port, Lisbon, Malaga, and Teneriffe } WINES.
40 cases St. Eslagh Medoc Claret,
1 butt old 4th proof Irish Whiskey,
100 cases West Schiedam Gin.
A few hogsheads of choice Molasses,
Tennessee and Georgia Cotton.

TEAS,

Very carefully selected from the best cargoes for country trade and family use.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Souchong, Hyson-skin, and Bohea

Green Coffee, Chocolate, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Mustard, Rappee and Scotch Snuff.

SPICES—Pimento, Pepper, Cloves, Cassia, Nutmegs and Mace.

Ginger, race and ground.

Flotant and Orleans Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Allum and Brimstone.

Patent Shot, assorted, from BB to No. 9.

Bar Lead, Hunter's Pipes, Bees Wax, Wrapping Paper, Demijohns, Refined Salt Petre, Chalk,

Mould and Dipt Candles.

British Gunpowder of various qualities from *F* to treble battle.

October 18.

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, *on King street, has, in addition to his former stock, added*

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,

Loaf and Lump ditto,

TEAS, particularly selected for family use.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Souchong

Best Green Coffee,

Chocolate, of a superior quality.

WINES,

Madeira, Busellos, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, and Genuine Old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,

Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,

Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New-England Rum,

Holland Gin,

Irish and country Whiskey,

Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,

Stoughton's Bitters.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Pimenot Cayenne and Black Pepper, Race and Ground Ginger, Basket Salt for table use, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig blue, Soap, Mould, Dipt and Spermaceti Candles, Refined Salt-Petre, Flotant Indigo, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Brimstone, Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot, all sizes, best English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars, and Smoaking Tobacco, very best Chewing Tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's Snuff, Hunter's Pipes in boxes.

London Mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, Wrapping Paper, Demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms.

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Long Lawns,
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Lace do.
Rich Colonade and figured India Muslins
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Lace Caps & Handkerchiefs,
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Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waistcoating,
Fancy Moleskins and Florentines,
Silk Plush and Velvets,
Sewing Silk, Twist and Thread,
Leno and Dragoona Mull Cloaks,
Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hose,
Do. do. do. Gloves,
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Cogniac and Boutdeaux do.
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70 barrels strong and fine flavored Rye Whiskey.
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A few hogsheads of choice Molasses,
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Green Coffee, Chocolate, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Mustard, Rappee and Scotch Snuff.

SPICES—Pimento, Pepper, Cloves, Cassia, Nutmegs and Mace.

Ginger, race and ground.

Flotant and Orleans Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Allum and Brimstone.

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Antigoa, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New-England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whiskey,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
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Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento, Cayenne and Black Pepper, Race and Ground Ginger, Basket Salt for table use, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Mould, Dipt and Spermaceti Candles, Refined Salt-Petre, Flotant Indigo, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Brimstone, Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot, all sizes, best English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars, and Smoaking Tobacco, very best Chewing Tobacco.

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December 16.

EPITOME
OF
ALL THE ACTS
OF THE
GENARAL ASSEMBLY OF VIRGINIA,
OF A
PUBLIC NATURE,
PASSED AT THEIR DECEMBER SESSION, 1805.

IN SENATE,

January 20, 1806.

PHILIP DODDRIDGE, Esq. one of the members of this House, entered the folowing protest, against the resolution relative to the president of the United States, which was agreed to by the House, on Monday the 6th instant, to wit:

The dissent of Phillip Doddridge, in Senate, to the resolutions "declaring the confidence of the General Assembly, in the wisdom, virtue and firmness of the President of the United States, and its readiness whenever Congress shall direct to join in a contest with any nation, &c. and also to the preamble to the resolution.

This dissentient protests against so much of the said resolution as declares the confidence of the General Assembly, in the wisdom, virtue and firmness of the President:

1st. Because, by the constitution of the United States, the power to appoint a president is given to the electors of the several states, and not to the states; and the power of removal to the proper authorities of the general government; and consequently the right to judge of the president's virtues or vices, as a man and of his qualifications as a public officer, belongs to the electors as incident to the power of appointment, while to judge officially of his official conduct belongs to the proper authorities, as incident to the power of removal; whence it follows, that so far as the terms *wisdom virtue and firmness* are intended by the resolution, to apply to the President, either as an individual or as president, the General Assembly are not delegated to apply them, nor can they express an official opinion. This dissentient, therefore protests against the wasting of time and the public money in passing resolutions founded on no legitimate authority, and which, in his opinion can have no other tendency, than, for a while to hide from public view the vices of a character already too apparent to be concealed.

2nd. Because the endowments of wisdom, virtue and firmness, so far as this dissentient can discern, are not in truth possessed by the gentleman who is now president; and this dissentient protests against so much of the resolution as attributes them, for the following reasons and nagments:

It is justly said, that to be wise, is to possess a "luminous preception of truth, with the faculty to make the best use of it;" and although a luminous preception of truth may be enjoyed by this gentleman, yet, that he does not possess the faculty to make the best, or even a good use of it, this dissentient thinks is fully evinced by the following facts:

In 1782, when the people of the states had neither experienced those party dissentions, nor known these intollerent principles which now agitate them; when the honest opinions of our statesmen were communicated without disguise; at a time too when the gentleman who is now President enjoyed the advantages of ripened years, and long and various experience, he perceived, and in "the notes on Virginia" maintained this truth; that because the executive and judiciary officers of Virginia were appointed by the legislature and held their salaries at its will, "all the powers of government, legislative, executive and judiciary, resulted to the legislative body;" and "that the concentrating these in the same hands is precisely the definition of despotic government:" but notwitstanding the preception of this truth, did as president approve an act of Congress, the passing of which he advised, abolishing the offices of sixteen judges, who held their appointments under the constitution during good behavior; the consequences of which act was, as their dissentient supposes, that the judiciary powers of the United States "resulted to the legislative body," which, in part, "is precisely the definition of despotic government."

At the same period, 1782, this gentleman perceived the truth of that policy which would deny to a foreigner an admission to the rights of citizenship among us; and maintained in his "notes on Virginia" that it was "better to carry our provisions and materials to workmen abroad, than to bring them to the provisions and materials, and with them their pernicious manners and principles;" but so far from making any use of this truth after he became president, approved laws admitting aliens to the rights of citizenship on easier terms, and upon a shorter residence than were before required of them.

From the "Notes on Virginia," it further appears, that this gentleman in 1782, perceived this self-evident *truth*, "that as the actual habits of our countrymen attach them to commerce," our commerce and coasts ought to be defended, by fleets as strong as the weaker nations of Europe holding possessions in one neighborhood "can detach": "That the sea is the field on which we should meet an European enemy," and "that on that element it is necessary we should possess some force," and yet was so far from making a proper use of this *truth*, that, when a private citizen, he condemned the use of it by the late president; and when he had attained to that office himself, at a time when those disputes with Tripoli, which ended in war, were depending, deemed it expedient to dispose of all the public armed vessels, which an act of the former administration authorised the president to sell, when he should deem it proper, and within a few days before the commencement of that war advised and executed a measure for disbanding a large proportion of the marines, by the laws of the past administration ordered to be retained in service; whose places he was compelled to supply by an almost immediate enlistment.

This gentleman's want of wisdom, as president, is further evinced, by the omission to repair our heaviest frigates and equip them for the Mediterranean service, during the two first years of a war with Tripoli, when their services were constantly necessary and demanded by the commodore; by his order appointing a time for the sailing of these frigates to the Mediterranean; and his omission to ascertain their unfitness until the time had arrived; by his order dispatching the frigate Adams, with her full complement of men, provisions and guns, without her gun carriages, to notify the commodore of the condition of the others; by his advice to congress to erect dry docks for the navy; and by his communications respecting "a mountain of solid rock-salt, one hundred and eighty miles long, and forty-five miles wide," said to be situated somewhere in Louisiana, without one "shrub or tree" upon it.

If the term *virtue* in the resolution is intended to mean moral and political integrity, one single transaction of this gentleman's life renders his destitution of this quality apparent to this dissentient's understanding; this he begs leave to state, passing by all those other numerous circumstances which have weight on his mind.

On the 6th day of September 1799, when one James Thompson Callender was engaged in writing a book, called the *Prospect before us*, libelling the public and private reputation of the deliverer of this country, general Washington, and of Mr. Adams, then president, a book containing such foul and base calumnies as have perhaps never been equalled by the wickedness of the worst men in the most corrupt times, the now president wrote a letter to him in which are these words: "Mr. Jefferson (a relative of that name) is here and directs his agent to call on you with this and pay you 50 dollars on account of the book you are about to publish; when it is out be so good as to send me 2 or 3 copies and the rest only when I shall send for them; and on the 6th day of October following, when that book was nearly printed, wrote to Mr. Callender another letter, in which are these words: "I thank you for the proof sheets you enclosed me; such papers cannot fail to produce the best effect. They inform the thinking part of the nation, and these again supported by the tax-gatherers as their vouchers, set the people right." The writer of the "Prospect before us" was fined and imprisoned for the publication of that book, and the president having attained to his office, ordered the fine to be refunded without any appropriation by law. This dissentient's conclusions from these facts may be very erroneous indeed, but he cannot resolve that the president is virtuous, without prostituting the term, and with it the clearest convictions of his own understanding.

If firmness consists in that stability of character which enables us to pursue the purposes of our own minds, in a conformity of actions with principles, then it seems to this dissentient that most of the reasons urged against the President's wisdom and virtue are conclusive against his firmness; he who believes in the necessity of a navy, and yet opposes its establishment, and when established destroys or weakens it; and when pressed by the public emergencies to restore it, replaces it with gun boats, in the dissentient's opinion, has not the firmness to acknowledge a past error, and his opinion is the same respecting him, who advises against the admission of foreign manufactures into this country, yet render more easy their admission to citizenship; who deplores the submission of the judiciary to the legislative body, yet advises and compels that submission; who could compliment the "Prospect Before Us," and afterwards in an inaugural address eulogise the character of General Washington, in a manner as universal as the mind can conceive and the tongue declare; in short, in this dessentient's opinion there is no weakness more deplorable than that which disables a great man to be consistent with himself at any two periods of his life.

This dissentient protests against the preamble:

1st. Because the constitution of the United States has confided to the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, the power of making treaties; and to Congress that of levying war, and as incident to the last rights to decide on causes of war. Congress are now deliberating on all the subjects referred to in the preamble, and respect for their authority requires that this Assembly should leave those subjects to their decision, while our duty to our own constituents seems to demand that we should not exercise, in their name, a power not delegated by them to us.

2d Because from a view of all the documents published, this dissentient, is not satisfied that the United States have acquired any right to the province of West Florida, and unless they have, the reprisals of Spain are justified by the measures of the administration, in regard to that province; on this subject however, he will cheerfully abide and support the decision of those to whom the power of judging belongs This dissentient knowing of no other nation except England to which the other complaints in the preamble can justly relate at this time, cannot approve those general phrases which may give offence to nations not meriting censure, nor can he approve of that timidity which shrinks from mentioning England, when England is intended.

3d. Because that part of the preamble which acknowledges that "our coasts are infested, our harbours watched, and our seamen impressed," seems to be at variance with the resolution and may be converted into satire. Our gun boats are either not equal to the defence of our harbours mouths, or they have not been ordered to defend them; if the first be true, the folly of erecting them appears to be demonstrated; if the latter, then the President's *firmness* is rendered in some degree questionable.

Conceiving that so much of the resolutions as promises the support of this state to such measures as the general government may ordain in relation to foreign nations, comes within the powers of the general assembly, this dissentient most readily concurs therein."

P. DODDRIDGE.

Continuation of Foreign Advices.

Translations for the FEDERAL GAZETTE.

Twenty-seventh Bulletin of the Grand Army.

Porlitz, Nov. 19, 1805.

Since the battle of Zuntersdorif, the enemy has continued to retreat with the utmost precipitation. General Sebastiani, with his brigade of dragoons pursued them sword in hand. The vast plains of Moravia have favored his pursuit. The 18th on the heights of Porlitz he cut off the retreat of several corps, and during the day made two thousand Russians prisoners.

Prince Murat, entered Brunn, the capital of Moravia, at three o'clock P. M. still in pursuit of the enemy, who evacuated the city and the citadel, the latter is a fine structure and capable of sustaining a formal siege.

The emperor has removed his head-quarters to Porlitz.

Marshal Soult, with his corps of the army is at Riemstschitz. Marshal Lannes is before Porlitz.

The Moravians entertain even a greater hatred against the Russians and stronger friendship for us than the Austrians. The country is beautiful and much more fertile than Austria. The Moravians were astonished on beholding in their immense plains, the inhabitants of the Ukrane, of Kamsthatka, and of Great Tartary, the Normans, the Gascons, the Bretons, &c. come among them to cut each others throats without their country having any thing in common with them, or any immediate political connexion; and they have good sense enough to declare bluntly, that human blood is an object of traffic in the hands of the English. A wealthy Moravian said lately to a French officer, in speaking of the emperor Joseph II. that he was the friend of the peasantry, and if he were alive, he would have freed them from those feudual taxes which they now pay to the religious convents.

We have found at Brunn, sixty pieces of cannon, three hundred thousand pounds of powder, a great quantity of wheat and flour and considerable magazines of cloathing.

The emperor of Germany has retired to Olmutz. Our posts are within one march of that place.

Twenty-Eighth Bulletin.

Brunn, 21st November, 1805.

The emperor entered Brunn the 20th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. A deputation from the states of Moravia, at the head of which was the bishop, came to meet him. The emperor visited the fortifications, and gave orders that the citadel should be fortified, in which were found upwards of 6000 muskets, great quantities of munitions of war of all kinds; among others, 400,000 lbs. of powder. The Russians had united all their cavalry, which composed a corpse of about 6000 men, and were disposed to defend their position at the junction of the roads between Brunn and Olmutz. Gen. Walthier, obliged them by different onsets to quit the ground. Gen. Murat dispatched to his assistance D'Hautpoult's division of cuirassiers, and 4 squadrons of the imperial guards. Tho' our horses were much fatigued, the enemy were attacked and put to flight. They left more than 200 chosen dragoons on the field of battle, and 100 horses fell into our hands.

Marshal Bessieres, commanding the imperial guards, at the head of four squadrons of the guards, made a brilliant attack which threw them into confusion and put them to route. Nothing could form a greater contrast than the silence of the guards of cuirassiers and the uproar of the Russians.

This body of Russian cavalry is well mounted and well equipped, and has shewn great bravery and resolution; but they did not appear to be well acquainted with the use of their sabres; and in that point our cavalry has a great advantage. We had some men killed and 60 wounded, amongst whom are col. Dursonel of the 16th chasseurs, and col. Bourdon of the 11th dragoons. The enemy has fallen back several leagues.

Twenty-ninth Bulletin of the Grand Army.

Brunn, November 23.

Marshal Ney has occupied Brixen, after having taken many prisoners from the enemy. He found in the hospital a great number of sick and wounded Austians. On the 17th November he made himself master of Clauzen and Botzen.

General Jallachich, who defended the Voralberg, has been cut off. Marshal Bernadotte occupies Iglau. His troops has entered Bohemia.

General Wreden, commanding the Bavarians, has taken a company of Austrian artillery, 100 horses, 50 couirassieurs and several officers. He made himself master of a considerable magazine of oats and other grain, & of many carriages laden with the baggage of several regiments and Austrian officers.

The adjutant commander Maison, has made 200 dragoons of La Tour and curaseurs of Hohenlohe, prisoners, on his way from Iglau to Brunn. He attacked another detachment of 200 men and made 50 prisoners.

Information has reached us from Olmutz. The court has evacuated that place and retired to Poland. The French army has taken up its quarters. Its van is supported by Brunn, which is a strong place and which they are now busy in putting into the best state of defence.

Sixth Bulletin of the Army of Italy.

Head Quarts at Passinaro, Nov. 13. 1805.

The army in its march to the Piave, has met with very few obstacles. From the Piave to the Tagliamento, they saw several corps of cavalry flying before them, but whose retreat was calculated to prevent any engagement.

It was at the Tagliamento that the enemy seemed to await us. He had effected a junction on the left bank of 6 regiments of cavalry and 4 regiments of infantry, and their appearance indicated that they meant to make a vigourous defence of its passage. The general in chief had at first only an intention of reconnoitering their position. The gen. Espagne, commanding the division of mounted chasseurs, the dragoons under the orders of Gen. Marmet, and the cuirassiers, commanded by gen. Pulley, embarked on the river, while the divisions of Duesne and Seras, marched to St. Vito, and those of gens. Molitor and G...

enae, directed their march to Valvas-
one.
Gen. Espagne had received orders to
sh forward. On the 12th at 6 o'clock
. M. a squadron which he had directed
advance was attacked by a regiment of
ustrian cavalry. It sustained the charge
ith intrepidity, and gave time to Gen. Es-
gne to get in advance of the enemy, who
ere quickly repulsed and put to flight. In
e mean time our artilery was brought up,
d the cannonade commenced from each
de of the river. It was very brisk and
sted the whole day. The enemy had plac-
d 30 pieces of cannon behind a dyke; we
ad but 18, and our artilerists displayed
eir usual superiority. The divisions of
fantry arrived towards evening. The ge-
eral in chief, satisfied with the advantages
hich he had obtained, & confident of fresh
mes did not wish to effect its passage at that
ime. He contented himself with making
ispositions for the following day, in order
o strike a more decisive blow. The
ivisions formed a junction at the desti-
nations pointed out—and at Valvasone.
—It was at these two points that they in-
ended to pass the river in order to flank
nd cut off the enemy. Prince Charles
ndoubtedly feared the execution of this
lan. He did not judge it convenient to
aintain his position till the following day
ut at mid-night retreated along the road to
alama-Nova. Our army passed the Tag-
iamento, with the regret of not finding an
nemy to fight with, and it was then that
hey discovered the result of the action of
he preceding day—the left bank of the ri-
er being covered with men and horses
who had fallen under the fire our artille-
y. The army continues its march. The hope
f overtaking and combatting the enemy,
ncreases their ardor. They hear of all
he proceedings of the grand army & the
desire of seconding its movements and jus-
ifying the confidence of the emperor, sti-
mulates and animates it incessantly.

The advanced guard daily makes pri-
oners, who augment the number already
ade.

The weather is still favorable, and they
re busy in repairing the bridges of the
aive and of the Tagliamento.

Seventh Bulletin of the Army of Italy.

Head-Quarters, Gorizia, Nov. 23.

The army maintains the position which it had taken on the left bank of the Isonzo. The advanced guard, under the orders of general Espagne, established itself on the Vipacco, repulsed the enemy as far as Ganz, and in several attacks, which were performed with vigour, made one hundred prisoners. The whole of their cavalry has retired by the *great road*. A considerable body of their infantry took the road by the valley of Idria, to gain that of Oberleybach. Five companies of voltigeurs are pursuing the enemy in that direction, while our advanced posts have reached the intrenchments of Prevale, and have taken a direction towards Leybach.

The general in cheif has sent the division Seras to Trieste. The Austrians evacuated the place at our approach, leaving 300 of their wounded. A corps of troops pursued them on the way to Leybach and took 50 prisoners. Two regiments of dragoons, supported by infantry, have proceeded on our left as far as Chiusa de Pletz, which was guarded by the two regiments of infantry Strasoldo and Deligne and some cavalry. All the posts were abandoned the day after the arrival of our troops. The general of brigade Lacour, who commands them, has received orders to penetrate as far as Villach, and to endeavor to open a communication with the grand army, whose movements have without doubt, determined the retreat of the enemy, who were afraid of being surrounded. A detachment has also been sent to Ponteba Veneta, where the enemy were pretty strong, but did not dare to wait our arrival. In these various movements we have taken nearly four hundred prisoners. The general in chief has left near Pandua, the corps of troops from Naples, to which he has added a division, the army, the Corsican legion and the 2d Italian regiment.

Lieutenant general Gouvain St. Cry, who commands the united forces, holds Chiozza and Brondolo, and keeps himself prepared to fall on the British and Ruffians, if they dare attempt the debarkation with which they threaten the coast of Italy.

FOR SALE,
3000 bushels of Coarse and Fine Liverpool Salt,
Suffolk Tar,
Pork in barrels.

Wm. I. Hall.

Feb. 12. d3t-eo3t

FOR SALE,
A Negro Woman, who is an excellent house servant, with her two Children; the one male, the other female.

Enquire of the Printer.

January 16.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12.

By the arrival of the brig Wheeler, capt. Bessom, from Guadaloupe, we learn that advices had been received at Barbadoes, that fourteen sail of the line of the *Brest Fleet*, had got out, and were supposed to be destined for the West Indies, where, however, they had not arrived when the Wheeler sailed, which was on the 18th of the last month. In consequence of the expectation that the Brest Fleet were destined for the West Indies, admirals Duckworth and Louis had been dispatched for, and arrived at Barbados the 12th of last month with 5 sail of the line. The whole British force to windward consisted of 8 sail of the line, and 12 frigates, under admirals Duckworth, Louis and Cochrane.

[*Norfolk Public Ledger.*]

A superb structure is about to be erected in London, which, from its form, will be denominated "The London Amphitheatre," and will be divided into lecture theatres, appropriated for history, chemistry, navigation, mathematics, philosophy, genealogy, chronology, and trades; to which will be added, a library, suited to the above purposes, that will surpass any of its kind in Europe. Upwards of £250,000 is already subscribed towards this great undertaking.——*Monthly Magazine for November*, 1805.

Two institutions of this kind have been lately established in London, the Royal institution, and the London institution.

On Monday last, in the House of Representatives of the United States, the following Resolutions were offered by Mr. Nicholson and Mr. Crowninshield, which were read and referred to the committee of the whole house on the state of the union.

MR. NICHOLSON'S MOTION.

Resolved, That from and after the day of next, the following articles, being of the growth, produce, or manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland, or of any of the colonies or dependencies of G. Britain, ought to be prohibited by law, from being imported into the United States, or into the territories thereof, viz.

All articles of which leather is the material of chief value;

All articles of which tin or brass is the material of chief value; tin in sheets excepted.

All articles of which hemp or flax is the material of chief value;

All articles of which silk is the material of chief value;

Woolen cloths whose invoice prices shall exceed ;

Woolen hosiery of all kinds;

Window glass, and all other manufactures of glass;

Silver and plated wares;

Paper of every description;

Nails and spikes;

Hats;

Cloathing ready made;

Millenery of all kinds;

Playing cards;

Beer, ale and porter; and

Pictures and prints.

MR. CROWNINSHIELD'S MOTION.

Resolved, That from and after the day of next, no goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be exported from, or imported into the United States, or the territories thereof, in any ship or vessel whatever, to or from any European colonies, or settlements, situated on the eastern side of the continent of America, or in its adjacent seas, northward of the equator, unless the importation of all articles the growth, product, or manufacture of the United States, and their territories, in American bottoms, is, at all times, admitted into the said colonies or settlements and unless the exportation of the productions of the said colonies or settlements, is permanently allowed in American bottoms from the same to the United States, and the territories thereof.

The following is

MR. MADISON'S MOTION,

For commercial restrictions, in a committee of the whole house, on the report of the secretary of state (MR. JEFFERSON,) *on the privileges and restrictions on the commerce of the United States, in foreign coutries.*

MADE IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE, ON THE STATE OF THE UNION, *January* 3, 1794.

Resolved, as the opinion of this committee, that the interest of the United States would be promoted by further restrictions and higher duties, on the manufactures and navigation of foreign nations employed in the commerce of the United States, than those now imposed.

1. *Resolved*, as the opinion of this committee, that an additional duty ought to be laid on the following articles manufactured by European nations, having no commercial treaty with the United States:

On all articles of which leather is the materal of chief value, an additional duty of per cent. ad valorem.

On all manufactured iron, steel, tin, pewter, copper, brass, or articles of which either of these metals is the material of chief value, an additional duty of per cent. ad valorem.

On all articles of which cotton is the material of chief value, an additional duty of per cent. ad valorem.

On all cloths of which wool is the material of chief value, where the estimated value on which the duty is payable, is above an additional duty of per cent. ad valorem; where such value is below an additional duty of per cent. ad valorem.

On all other articles of which wool is the material of chief value, an additional duty of per cent. ad valorem.

On all cloths of which hemp or flax is the material of chief value, and of which the estimated value on which the duty is payable is below an additional duty of per cent. ad valorem.

On all manufactures of which silk is the material of chief value, an additional duty of per cent. ad valorem.

2. *Resolved*, as the opinion of this committee, that an additional duty of per ton ought to be laid on the vessels belonging to nations having no commercial treaty with the United States.

3. *Resolved*, as the opinion of this committee, that the duty on vessels belonging to nations having commercial treaties with the United States ought to be reduced to per ton.

4. *Resolved*, as the opinion of this committee, that where any nation may refuse to consider as vessels of the United States, any vessels not built within the U. States, the foreign built vessels of such nation ought to be subjected to a like refusal, unless built within the United States.

5. *Resolved*, as the opinion of this committee, that where any nation may refuse to admit the produce or manufactures of the United States, or to admit them in vessels of the U. States, if last imported from any place not within the U. States, a like restriction ought, after the day of to be extended to the produce and manufactures of such nation, and that, in the mean time, a duty of per ton extraordinary, ought to be imposed on vessels so importing any such produce or manufacture.

6. *Resolved*, as the opinion of this committee, that where any nation may refuse to the vessels of the United States, a carriage of the produce or manufactures thereof, whilst such produce or manufactures are admitted by it in its own vessels, it would be just to make the restriction reciprocal: but inasmuch as such a measure if suddenly adopted, might be particularly distressing in cases which merit the benevolent attention of the United States, it is expedient for the present, that a tonnage extraordinary, only of be imposed on the vessels so employed; and that all distilled spirits imported therein, shall be subjected to an additional duty of one part of the existing duty.

7. *Resolved*, as the opinion of this committee, that provision ought to be made for liquidating and ascertaining the losses sustained by citizens of the United States, from the operation of particular regulations of any country, contravening the laws of nations, and that such losses be reimbursed in the first instance, out of the additional duties on the manufactures, productions and vessels of the nation establishing such unlawful regulations.

FOR SALE,
100 bbls. Muscovado SUGARS.
2000 lbs. prime Firkin Butter.
10 casks Chewing Tobacco.
Spinning Cotton,
AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
Liquors and *Groceries*, as usual.
Mandeville & Jamieson.
February 12. d

FOR SALE
1000 bushels Liverpool Fine Salt.
1500 do. St. Ubes.
Wm. Hodgson.
Feb. 12. d

☞ A few copies of the *American Gardner*, may be had at the Book-Store of Robert Gray.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Wants to Charter,

A vessel of about 1500 barrels burthen, for *CORK and a MARKET*; to which immediate dispatch will be given—the cargo being all ready to go on board.

James Patton.

WHO HAS FOR SALE,
At his Warehouse, New York;
Prime Beef and Pork—also southern Pork, of good quality—with a few pipes of old Cognac Brandy.
February 12. d

☞ SALES AT VENDUE.

On every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, will be Sold, at the Vendue-Store, corner of Prince and Water streets;

A Variety of DRY GOODS, *GROCERIES, &c.*

[Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.]

All kind of goods that are limited in the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

Philip G. Marsteller, V. M.
February 12.

NOTICE.

THE Members of the WASHINGTON SOCIETY, of Alexandria, are hereby notified that a regular stated meeting of the said Society will be held at *Godfrey's* tavern, on Saturday, the 22d instant, at half past 12 o'clock in the forenoon. The Society will move in procession precisely at 12 o'clock, to the Episcopal Church, where an ORATION will be delivered by one of its members, *Charles T. Mercer*, Esquire.

By order of the Standing Committee.

G. Deneale, *Secretary.*
February 12. d3t

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust from SAMUEL POSTON to the subscriber, will be exposed to sale, for ready money, at the Coffee-House, in the town of Alexandria, on the 26th day of March next, TWO TRACTS OF LAND, lying upon the north river of Cacapehon, in the county of Hampshire, containing 431 acres. The sale will commence at 12 o'clock in the day.

James Keith.
February 12. law6w

NICHOLAS HINGSTON,
Respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he hath removed his store to king-street, next door to Mr. *Jos. Thornton's*, *where he hath for sale an extensive assortment of*

SEEDS,
Both of English & American growth.

The former imported this fall per the ship *Sheperdess*, captain Wells, via Norfolk,
—*among which are*—

Early York Cabbage, Early Dwarf do. Early Screw do. Early Sugarloaf do. Early Battersea do. Large Imperial do. Large Sugarloaf do. Large Flat Dutch do. Red do. Green and Yellow Savary do. Brussel Sprouts, Green and Red Borecole, Colliflower, Brocoli, &c.—Also, Rye Grass, Lucern, Burnett, Orchard Grass, Red Clover, Early Dutch Turnip, Early Stone do. Hanover do. Yellow do. White Norfolk do. Rape, Maw, Coriander, Carraway, Dill, Aniseed, Canary Seed, Double Yellow Hyacinths Roots, Fine Durham, Flower of Mustard, Spirt Peas, Garden Rakes, Hoes, Reels and Lines, Garden Sheers and best Pruning Knives. On hand a quantity of Lombardy Poplar of all sizes and a variety of Flowering Shrubs, and Roots, on reasonable terms.

Also,

An elegant assortment of cut and plain Glass, China, and Queens ware, Flower Pots of all kinds.

He likewise keeps Liquors, Groceries, Spices, Powder and Shot, Fig Blue, Starch, Barley, Rice, Soap, Candles, Salt Petre, Allum, Pearl Ash, Segars, best Rappee Snuff, chewing and smoaking Tobacco,

Also for Sale,

The American Gardener, and Kennedy's Treatise on Gardening.

February 12. d1w. law1M

Taken up at my Plantation,
TWO HOGS,

SUPPOSED about 5 or 6 months old; when weighed alive the one weighed 104 pounds, the other 40; marked with a crop on the right ear and a swallow fork on the left. The owner, by application at Strawberry Hill, Fairfax county, proving property and paying charges, may have them again.

WM. HARTSHORNE.
2d mo. 12th. 1aw3t

☞ Clover-Seed and a few hhds. excellent Molasses for sale at my store in town.

Cash, and the highest price given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by the Printer of this paper.

SHINGLING SLATE.

240 boxes best quality SHINGLING SLATE,

1 CABLE 120 fathom, and 1 ANCHOR—for sale, on the subscribers' wharf.

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

February 8. daw

A great Bargain may be had.

I wish to exchange seven or eight hundred acres of LAND, in Fairfax county, formerly Loudoun county, for good lands in the western country. It lies near Sugar Land Run, it is finely timbered and watered, good farming land, about 18 miles from the City of Washington, 20 from Alexandria, and 2 from the Potomac river.—There are two tenements and an excellent orchard on the premises, about 70 bushels of wheat sowed last fall and a good deal of clover, which grows finely, the soil being well adapted to the Plaister of Paris, from the fullest experiments—the title indisputable. Any person making early application may get an advantageous exchange. Application, by letter, to the subscriber in Alexandria, will be duly attended to.

B. DADE.

February 7. eotf

FOR SALE,

A PAIR of elegant, well matched and well broke, young CARRIAGE HORSES, equal to any on the continent. Also some handsome SADDLE HORSES. Apply at the Indian Queen Tavern, to

John Hodgskins.

February 7. 6t

Fairfax County, to wit:

JANUARY COURT, 1806.

THE persons appointed to view the Public Buildings and report to the court the repairs in their opinion wanting to the same, and whether in their opinion it is expedient to build an addition to the clerk's office, made a report—and the several justices of the peace of this county being summoned to meet this day to receive the said report: whereupon it is ordered, that the said report be received and entered of record, and that Charles Little, James Wren, William Payne, and Francis Adams, or any three, be appointed to let, to the lowest bidder, the building of the said addition to the office agreeable to the plan and the repairs wanting as aforesaid, and that they do superintend the building and repairing of the same.

A Copy.

Test.

William Moss, c. f. c.

February 10. d7r

In conformity to the within order of court, we will, at the court-house of the said county, on MONDAY the 17th instant, let to the lowest bidder,

THE building of the addition to the clerk's office, and the repairs to be made on the public buildings—The addition to be built of bricks and covered with slate; a plan of which is lodged with Colonel *James Wren*, for the inspection of those who wish to become undertakers: he has also a memorandum of the repairs that are to be made to the other buildings.

Charles Little,
James Wren,
Wm. Payne.

February 10. 7

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away on the 30th of last month, from the subscribers, living in Alexandria,

JOHN JOHNS,

An apprentice to the Boot and Shoe making business; he is about 17 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, slender made, dark complexion, down look—had on when he went away a long black coat, coarse dark trousers, Bennet's cord waistcoat (reddish figure). He will probably call himself JOHN STONE, which name he assumed in consequence of having been raised by a person of that name. Whoever apprehends said apprentice and secures him in any gaol and gives information, so that we get him again, shall receive 25 dollars, or the above reward if brought home.

Moses & Jacob Janney.

N. B. It is thought the above apprentice has been taken away by a journeyman who calls himself *Joseph Ward*, and who went to Norfolk about the time said boy absented himself.

February 4. eo

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber offers the plantation whereon he now lives on the head of Difficult Run, in Fairfax County, and about a mile and a half from Fairfax Court House, containing 125 acres, the plantation is in good repair as to fencing and buildings, an apple orchard of one hundred and fifty bearing apple trees with other fruit trees, about half the land is cleared, and the balance well timbered particularly with rail timber.—The terms will be made known by the subscriber on the premises, and the land shown to any person inclined to purchase.

Thomas Smith.

January 28. law3t*

JAMES KENNEDY, SEN.

KING-STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has received, from LEE & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New-York, a fresh assortment of the following

Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded could be purchased at a retail store.

☞ TAKE NOTICE

That J. Kennedy, sen. is appointed the only agent for ALEXANDRIA.

Dr. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions.

To Parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH,

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable—The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, *Esq. Attorney-General of the state of Maryland.*

Gentlemen,

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henry, Bridge-street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's elixir of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper: he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints and desires to give this public testimony in favor of this invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the unskilful or excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life—bad lying-in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparallelled in the cure of

Nervous Disorders,	Violent cramps in the stomach and back,
Consumptions,	Indigestion,
Lowness of spirits,	Melancholy,
Loss of appetite,	Gout in the stomach,
Impurity of the blood,	Pains in the limbs,
Hysterical affections,	Relaxations,
Inward weaknesses,	Involuntary emissions,
Seminal weaknesses,	Obstinate gleets,
Fluorbus (or whites)	Impotency, &c. &c.
Barrenness,	

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE AND EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsey, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaint than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn, Wythe county, Virginia.

GENTLEMEN,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had labored for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

W. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope maker, South Second street, between Mary and Christian streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as follows, namely,

That his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilon's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before

EBENEZER FERGUSON, Esq.

One of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia county.

HAMILTON'S *WORM DESROYING LOZENGES,*

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence, on the contrary, a particular excellence of this and its being suited to every age and constitution, and also contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body, but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humors and corruptions; feverish and billious complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on the occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Teres or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short flat, white worm, and lastly, the Tænia or tape worm so called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—It is most hurtful and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—Itching in the nose and about the seat—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fœtid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's worm destroying lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known and has restored to health and strength a great number when in advanced stages of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearence, and an agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES— By Hamilton's *WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,*

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain either by letter or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about twenty months ago to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by his writhing motions and intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee, & co.) but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigor—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice, from which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbors, and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTHER minister of the Moravian church, in York-town.

York, January 4th, 1802.

DEAR SIR,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms, I procured a box for the use of my family, to try whether by means of this medicine I might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance to all appearance a mere mucus but upon close inspection quite repeled with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly ache, or any other disagreeable sensations, to often occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the which I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indisposition both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

JOHN MOLTHER.

Dr. Hahn's true and genuine German Corn Plaister.

An infalliable remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

The genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalelled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, rings worms, sun burns, prickley heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration which is so essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Dr. Hahn's genuine Eye-Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eye, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, defluctions of rheum, dullness, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

The Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with perfect safety on pregnant women or on infants a week old, containing not a particle of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smell, which attends the application of other remedies.

The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

Indian Vegetable Specific.

A safe and speedy remedy for the venereal disease.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers,

IS RECOMMENDED

Dr. Hahn's Anti-Billious Pills.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite: to procure a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal consequences; a dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness; sickness at the stomach, and severe head ache; and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

☞ Sold likewise by S. Pleasants, Richmond; Ross and Douglass, Petersburg; T. Green, Fredericksburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Greenhow, Williamsburgh; and J. Shaw, Leesburg.

September 4. 13w

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at ten o'clock, will be Sold, for cash, at the house of *William Oxley*, on Wilkes street,

A VARIETY OF

Handsome and useful Houshold and Kitchen Furniture.

Philip G. Marsteller.

February 11. d4t

TO RENT.

THAT elegantly situated HOUSE and Garden, near the *Academy*—both are large and the Garden productive, a pump in the yard, smoke house, milk house, &c. For particulars apply to

John Vowell, or
Samuel Craig.

February 11. 2awtf

JUST PUBLISHED,

BY COTTOM AND STEWART,

(Price one Dollar.)

A new edition with modern improvements on the

ART OF COOKERY,

MADE PLAIN AND EASY

By MRS. GLASS.

1st. Containing directions how to roast, boil and dress to perfection, every thing necessary to be seat up to table.

2d. Directions for Soups, Broths, Puddings, Pies, Gravies, Sautes, Hashes, Fricassees, Ragouts, Pickling, Cakes, Jellies, Preserving, &c. &c. With a modern bill of fare for every month in the year.

There is no work on this subject more complete than the above. It is also the most modern as the Edition from which this was taken, was published in London, May 1804, and contains all the improvements in the art up to that time, leaving out many superfluous dishes, and substituting others more useful. d

December 20.

Printing, in its various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

PRINTED DAILY
BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.

Vol. VI.]

☞ SALES AT VEN

On every TUESDAY and FRID
Sold, at the Vendue-Store, corn
and Water-streets;

A Variety of DRY G
GROCERIES,

[Particulars of which will be exp
bills of the day.]

All kind of goods which are on
the prices of which are established
time be viewed and purchased at
mitation and prices.

Philip G. Marsteller

February 12.

FOR SALE,
On moderate Term
The SHIP

HETT

Just arrived from L
laying at Col. Ramsay's wharf. H
may be seen and description of th
known, on application to Captain
board or to

Ricketts, Newton

If said ship is not sold in ten or
she will be for freight or charter to
Europe.

R. N.

January 1.

A BARGAIN.

For Sale or Ren

A new Brick House on
just finished, and very convenient
mily, with an excellent corner
Messrs. Korn & Wisemiller's. For
to JAMES M

Also,

16 Lots of different sizes
and Fayette streets, *For Sale, or Re*
rent forever. Apply as above.

February 5.

HENRY K. MA

Has received, per Brig Equator,
New-Castle, and offers for Sale,
ately applied for;

80 casks Red Lead,
38 casks Patent Shot,
18 casks Ingot Lead and
36 sheets Milled do.

December 18.

20 Pipes very choice
Wine,

Imported in the Brig Active, f
holomews, and for sale by

R. Veitch

December 21.

N. B. This Wine has lain a conf
ninth West Indies.

JUST RECEIVE

9 *boxes—containing*
500 pieces Platillas,
500 do. Britannias,
Entitled to drawback on export

ALSO,

30 bbls and 5 hhds New
For Sale, by

John G

December 13.

JUST RECEIVE

And for SALE, *by* ROBERT GI
seller,

An Examination of the Bri
trine, which subjects to
Neutral Trade, not open
Peace.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

February 1.

TO RENT.

The Dwelling HOUSE
occupied by William Sanford—Th
commodious and handsomely situate
ry necessary out house, and has a ha
den in high cultivation. Apply to

Mr. Thomas Pres
Thomas San

October 23.

Boarding-House Ope

By the Subscriber, in Prin
In the house lately occupied by
ter, between the dwelling house
and Mr. *Hodgson's* store—where a
boarders may be accommodated—w
out lodging. Apply to

William

November 1.